Sebastian Muskalla Prof. Dr. Roland Meyer

Out: May 18

Due: May 26

Submit your solutions until Friday, May 26, 14:00, in the box next to office 343.

Exercise 1: Encoding winning conditions

Let $G = (V_{\Box} \cup V_{\bigcirc}, R)$ be a deadlock-free, finite game arena. Let $x, y \in V$ be two positions, $x \neq y$.

a) Present a reachability/safety game whose winning condition encodes the following property: A play is won by refuter if it visits first *x*, then *y*.

Note: You are allowed to modify the game arena *G*.

- b) Present a reachability/safety game whose winning condition encodes the following property: A play is won by prover if it does not visit both *x* and *y*.
- c) Present a Büchi/coBüchi game whose winning condition encodes the following property: A play is won by refuter if it visits *x* at least once, and later visits *y* infinitely often.
- d) Present a parity game whose winning condition encodes the following property:A play is won by refuter if it either does not visit *x* infinitely often, or it visits both *x* and *y* infinitely often.
- e) Present a parity game whose winning condition encodes the following property:
 A play is won by refuter if it either does not visit *x* infinitely often, or it visits *x*, but not *y* infinitely often.

For each part, reason briefly why your construction is correct.

Exercise 2: A parity game

Consider the parity game given by the following graph. For each vertex labeled with x^i , the letter x denotes the name of the vertex, the superscript denotes its priority $\Omega(x) = i$.



For each player, identify her winning region and present a uniform positional winning strategy. Reason briefly why the strategies are indeed winning.

Exercise 3: Proof of Lemma 8.5

Proof Part b) of Lemma 8.5 from the lecture notes:

Let *X* be a set of positions such that $c \in \{\Box, \bigcirc\}$ has a positional winning strategy $s_{c,X}$ for each $x \in X$. Then there is a positional strategy s_{c} that is uniformly winning from all positions $x \in X$.